- 1 Draft
- OCCI-WG

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Open Cloud Computing Interface - Text Rendering

- Status of this Document
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- Cloud Computing Interface.
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- Abstract 12
- This document, part of a document series, produced by the OCCI working group within the Open Grid Forum
- (OGF), provides a high-level definition of a Protocol and API. The document is based upon previously gathered
- requirements and focuses on the scope of important capabilities required to support modern service offerings.

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₅₄ 1 Introduction

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The Open Cloud Computing Interface (OCCI) is a RESTful Protocol and API for all kinds of management tasks.

OCCI was originally initiated to create a remote management API for laaS¹ model-based services, allowing
for the development of interoperable tools for common tasks including deployment, autonomic scaling and
monitoring. It has since evolved into a flexible API with a strong focus on interoperability while still offering a
high degree of extensibility. The current release of the Open Cloud Computing Interface is suitable to serve
many other models in addition to IaaS, including PaaS and SaaS.

In order to be modular and extensible the current OCCI specification is released as a suite of complimentary documents, which together form the complete specification. The documents are divided into four categories consisting of the OCCI Core, the OCCI Protocols, the OCCI Renderings and the OCCI Extensions.

- The OCCI Core specification consists of a single document defining the OCCI Core Model. The OCCI
 Core Model can be interacted through renderings (including associated behaviours) and expanded through
 extensions.
- The OCCI Protocol specifications consist of multiple documents each describing how the model can be interacted with over a particular protocol (e.g. HTTP, AMQP etc.). Multiple protocols can interact with the same instance of the OCCI Core Model.
- The OCCI Rendering specifications consist of multiple documents each describing a particular rendering
 of the OCCI Core Model. Multiple renderings can interact with the same instance of the OCCI Core
 Model and will automatically support any additions to the model which follow the extension rules defined
 in OCCI Core.
- The OCCI Extension specifications consist of multiple documents each describing a particular extension
 of the OCCI Core Model. The extension documents describe additions to the OCCI Core Model defined
 within the OCCI specification suite.

The current specification consists of seven documents. This specification describes version 1.2 of OCCI and is backward compatible with 1.1. Future releases of OCCI may include additional protocol, rendering and extension specifications. The specifications to be implemented (MUST, SHOULD, MAY) are detailed in the table below.

Table 1	What OCCI	specifications	must he	implemented	for the	specific version.
Table 1.	VVIIat OCCI	3pecifications	illust be	Implemented	IOI LIIC	Specific version.

Document	OCCI 1.1	OCCI 1.2
Core Model Infrastructure Model Platform Model SLA Model HTTP Protocol Text Rendering JSON Rendering	MUST SHOULD MAY MAY MUST MUST MAY	MUST SHOULD MAY MAY MUST MUST MUST

2 Notational Conventions

All these parts and the information within are mandatory for implementors (unless otherwise specified). The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in RFC 2119 [1].

¹Infrastructure as a Service

3 Text rendering

- This document presents the text based renderings. To be complaint, OCCI implementations MUST implement
- the three renderings defined in sections 6, 7 and 8.
- 39 The document is structured by defining based ABNFs which can then be combined into renderings which will
- ₉₀ be rendered over a protocol (e.g. HTTP) by the specific rendering definitions.

4 ABNF Definitions

For the following section of 5 these ABNF notations will be used. Implementations MUST hence implement the renderings according to these definitions.

94 4.1 Category ABNF

The following syntax MUST be used for Category renderings:

```
= "Category" ":" #category-value
   Category
      category-value
                          = term
                           ";" "scheme" "=" <"> scheme <">
                           ";" "class" "=" ( class | <"> class <"> )
99
                           [ ";" "title" "=" quoted-string ]
100
                           [ ";" "rel" "=" <"> type-identifier <"> ]
101
                           [ ";" "location" "=" <"> URI <"> ]
102
                           [ ":" "attributes" "=" <"> attribute-list <"> ]
103
                           [ ":" "actions" "=" <"> action-list <"> ]
                          = (LOALPHA|DIGIT) *( LOALPHA | DIGIT | "-" | "_" )
     term
105
      scheme
                          = URI
106
     type-identifier
                          = scheme term
107
                          = "action" | "mixin" | "kind"
      class
108
     attribute-list
                          = attribute-def
109
                          | attribute-def *( 1*SP attribute-def)
110
      attribute-def
                          = attribute-name
111
                          | attribute-name
                            "{" attribute-property *( 1*SP attribute-property ) "}"
113
     attribute-property = "immutable" | "required"
114
                          = attr-component *( "." attr-component )
      attribute-name
115
                          = LOALPHA *( LOALPHA | DIGIT | "-" | "_" )
     attr-component
     action-list
                          = action
117
                          | action *( 1*SP action )
118
                          = type-identifier
119
     action
```

120 4.2 Link ABNF

The following syntax MUST be used to represent OCCI Link type instance references:

```
= "Link" ":" #link-value
   I.ink
122
                        = "<" URI-Reference ">"
     link-value
123
                         ";" "rel" "=" <"> resource-type <">
124
                         [ ";" "self" "=" <"> link-instance <"> ]
125
                         [ ";" "category" "=" link-type
                           *( "; " link-attribute ) ]
127
                        = LOALPHA *( LOALPHA | DIGIT | "-" | "_" )
     term
128
```

```
= URI
     scheme
129
     type-identifier
                        = scheme term
                        = type-identifier *( 1*SP type-identifier )
     resource-type
131
                        = type-identifier *( 1*SP type-identifier )
     link-type
132
     link-instance
                        = URI-reference
133
                        = attribute-name "=" ( token | quoted-string )
     link-attribute
134
                        = attr-component *( "." attr-component )
     attribute-name
135
                        = LOALPHA *( LOALPHA | DIGIT | "-" | "_" )
     attr-component
   The following syntax MUST be used to represent OCCI Action instance references:
                        = "Link" ":" #link-value
   ActionLink
138
     link-value
                        = "<" action-uri ">"
139
                         ";" "rel" "=" <"> action-type <">
140
                        = LOALPHA *( LOALPHA | DIGIT | "-" | "_" )
     term
141
     scheme
                        = relativeURI
142
     type-identifier
                        = scheme term
143
     action-type
                        = type-identifier
144
                        = URI "?" "action=" term
     action-uri
```

4.3 Attribute ABNF

```
= "X-OCCI-Attribute" ":" #attribute-repr
   Attribute
147
                        = attribute-name "=" ( string | number | bool | enum_val )
     attribute-repr
148
                        = attr-component *( "." attr-component )
     attribute-name
149
                        = LOALPHA *( LOALPHA | DIGIT | "-" | "_" )
     attr-component
150
                        = quoted-string
     string
151
     number
                        = (int | float)
152
     int
                        = *DIGIT
153
                        = *DIGIT "." *DIGIT
     float
                        = ("true" | "false")
155
     enum_val
                        = string
156
```

157 4.4 Location ABNF

```
Location = "X-OCCI-Location" ":" location-value location-value = URI-reference
```

5 Renderings

The renderings defined in this section will be used in the specific text rendering defined in section 6 and 7

5.1 Entity Instance Rendering

Entity instances MUST be rendered according to the following definitions.

5.1.1 Resource Instance Rendering

A Resource instance MUST be rendered using the following definition:

The rendering of a Resource instance MUST represent any associated Action instances using the ActionLink CRLF.

5.1.1.1 Action Invocation Rendering Upon an Action invocation the client MUST send along the following definition:

```
action_definition = 1( Category CRLF )
*( Attribute CRLF )
```

75 5.1.2 Link Instance Rendering

A Link instance MUST be rendered using the following definition:

5.2 Category Instance Rendering

¹⁸¹ A Category instances MUST be rendered as defined below.

5.2.1 Kind Instance Rendering

A Kind instance MUST be rendered as a Category CRLF.

5.2.2 Mixin Instance Rendering

A Mixin instance MUST be rendered as a Category CRLF.

186 5.2.3 Action Instance Rendering

- An Action instance MUST be rendered as a Category CRLF.
- Note that an Action instance MUST NOT have Link and Actions references.

5.3 Entity Collection Rendering

¹⁹⁰ A collection of Resource or Link instances MUST be rendered as following:

```
entity_collection_rendering = *( Location CRLF )
```

5.3.1 Resource Collection Rendering

193 see above

5.3.2 Link Collection Rendering

see above

5.4 Category Collection Rendering

197 For the Query interface the following Category instance rendering MUST be used:

```
198 category_collection_rendering = *( Category CRLF )
```

199 5.4.1 Kind Collection Rendering

200 see above

5.4.2 Mixin Collection Rendering

202 see above

203 5.4.3 Action Collection Rendering

204 see above

5.5 Attributes Rendering

206 5.5.1 Entity Instance Attribute Rendering Specifics

For Entity instances the following model attribute name to attribute name rendering mappings MUST be used:

Table 21 Entity attributes naming convention			
Attribute	Attribute name once rendered		
Entity.id	occi.core.id		
Entity.title	occi.core.title		
Resource.summary	occi.core.summary		
Link.target	occi.core.target		
Link.source	occi.core.source		

Table 2. Entity attributes naming convention

5.5.2 Attribute Description Rendering

Attributes MUST be rendered as define by the Attribute CRLF

6 OCCI Text Plain rendering

- The OCCI Text plain rendering specifies a rendering of OCCI instance types in a simple text format. Using this rendering the renderings MUST be placed in the HTTP Body.
- The rendering can be used to render OCCI instances independently of the protocol being used. Thus messages can be delivered by e.g. the HTTP protocol as specified in [2].
- The following media-types MUST be used for the OCCI Text plain rendering:
- 216 text/occi+plain
- 217 and
- 218 text/plain
- Each entry in the body consists of a name followed by a colon (":") and the field value.

20 6.1 Example

The following example show an Entity instance rendering using the Text plain rendering.

```
< Category: compute; \
222
         scheme="http://schemas.ogf.org/occi/infrastructure#" \
223
         class="kind";
   < Link: </users/foo/compute/b9ff813e-fee5-4a9d-b839-673f39746096?action=start>; \
         rel="http://schemas.ogf.org/occi/infrastructure/compute/action#start"
226
   < X-0CCI-Attribute: occi.core.id="urn:uuid:b9ff813e-fee5-4a9d-b839-673f39746096"</pre>
227
   < X-OCCI-Attribute: occi.core.title="My Dummy VM"
228
   < X-OCCI-Attribute: occi.compute.architecture="x86"
   < X-OCCI-Attribute: occi.compute.state="inactive"
230
   < X-OCCI-Attribute: occi.compute.speed=1.33
231
   < X-OCCI-Attribute: occi.compute.memory=2.0
   < X-OCCI-Attribute: occi.compute.cores=2
233
   < X-OCCI-Attribute: occi.compute.hostname="dummy"
234
```

5 7 OCCI Header Rendering

The following media-type MUST be used for the OCCI header Rendering:

```
237 text/occi
```

While using this rendering the renderings MUST be placed in the HTTP Header. The body MUST contain the string 'OK' on successful operations.

The HTTP header fields MUST follow the specification in RFC 7230 [3]. A header field consists of a name followed by a colon (":") and the field value.

Limitations: HTTP header fields MAY appear multiple times in a HTTP request or response. In order to be OCCI compliant, the specification of multiple message-header fields according to RFC 7230 MUST be fully supported. In essence there are two valid representation of multiple HTTP header field values. A header field might either appear several times or as a single header field with a comma-separated list of field values. Due to implementation issues in many web frameworks and client libraries it is RECOMMENDED to use the comma-separated list format for best interoperability.

HTTP header field values which contain separator characters MUST be properly quoted according to RFC 7230.

Space in the HTTP header section of a HTTP request is a limited resource. By this, it is noted that many HTTP servers limit the number of bytes that can be placed in the HTTP Header area. Implementers MUST be aware of this limitation in their own implementation and take appropriate measures so that truncation of header data does NOT occur.

7.1 Example

254

The following example show an Entity instance rendering using the Text header rendering.

```
occi.compute.memory=2.0, occi.compute.cores=2, \
cocci.compute.hostname="dummy"
```

8 URI Listing Rendering

The following media-types MUST be used for the URI Rendering:

269 text/uri-list

This rendering cannot render resource instances or Kinds or Mixins directly but just links to them. For concrete rendering of Kinds and Categories the Content-types text/occi, text/plain MUST be used. If a request is done with the text/uri-list in the Accept header, while not requesting for a Listing a Bad Request MUST be returned.

Otherwise a list of resources MUST be rendered in tt text/uri-list format as defined in [4], which can be used for listing resource in collections or the name-space

tt text/uri-list format as defined in [4], which can be used for listing resource in collections or the name-space of the OCCI implementation.

9 Security Considerations

OCCI does not require that an authentication mechanism be used nor does it require that client to service communications are secured. It does RECOMMEND that an authentication mechanism be used and that where appropriate, communications are encrypted using HTTP over TLS. The authentication mechanisms that MAY be used with OCCI are those that can be used with HTTP and TLS. For further discussion see the appropriate section in [2].

10 Glossary

	Term	Description		
	Action	An OCCI base type. Represents an invocable operation on a Entity sub-type instance		
	Att the te	or collection thereof.		
	Attribute	A type in the OCCI Core Model. Describes the name and properties of attributes		
	Cataman	found in Entity types.		
	Category	A type in the OCCI Core Model and the basis of the OCCI type identification		
I		mechanism. The parent type of Kind.		
	capabilities	In the context of Entity sub-types capabilities refer to the Attributes and Actions		
	Collection	exposed by an entity instance.		
	Collection	A set of Entity sub-type instances all associated to a particular Kind or Mixin instance.		
	Entity	An OCCI base type. The parent type of Resource and Link.		
	entity instance	An instance of a sub-type of Entity but not an instance of the Entity type itself. The		
	charty motumes	OCCI model defines two sub-types of Entity, the Resource type and the Link type.		
		However, the term <i>entity instance</i> is defined to include any instance of a sub-type		
		of Resource or Link as well.		
	Kind	A type in the OCCI Core Model. A core component of the OCCI classification		
		system.		
283	Link	An OCCI base type. A Link instance associates one Resource instance with another.		
	Mixin	A type in the OCCI Core Model. A core component of the OCCI classification		
		system.		
	mix-in	An instance of the Mixin type associated with an entity instance. The "mix-in"		
		concept as used by OCCI only applies to instances, never to Entity types.		
	OCCI	Open Cloud Computing Interface.		
	OGF	Open Grid Forum.		
	Resource	An OCCI base type. The parent type for all domain-specific Resource sub-types.		
	resource instance	See entity instance. This term is considered obsolete.		
	tag	A Mixin instance with no attributes or actions defined. Used for taxonomic organi-		
		sation of entity instances		
	template	A Mixin instance which if associated at instance creation-time pre-populate certain		
		attributes.		
	type	One of the types defined by the OCCI Core Model. The Core Model types are		
	, .	Category, Attribute, Kind, Mixin, Action, Entity, Resource and Link.		
	concrete type/sub-type	A concrete type/sub-type is a type that can be instantiated.		
	URI	Uniform Resource Identifier.		
	URL	Uniform Resource Locator.		
284	URN	Uniform Resource Name.		

5 11 Contributors

²⁸⁶ We would like to thank the following people who contributed to this document:

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